

IPLAN-MAPP 2.0 Crosswalk

December 2024

This crosswalk compares the IPLAN Substantial Compliance Checklist requirements with the MAPP 2.0 process.

IPLAN Process	MAPP 2.0 Process	IPLAN Compliance Indicator
The following components are the requirements for Illinois LHDs to complete the Community Health Assessment portion of IPLAN.		
2.1 Statement of Purpose	Phase I Develop the Community Vision	Statement of purpose describing how the assessment will be used to improve health in the community
2.2 Community Health Committee	<p>Phase I Do a Stakeholder and Power Analysis, Establish or Restructure CHI Leadership Structures, Engage or Orient the Steering Committee, Establish Administrative Structure, Do the Starting Point Assessment, Identify CHI Infrastructure Priorities and Workgroups, Develop the Workplan and Budget</p> <p>Phase II Form the Assessment Design Team, Community Partner Assessment, Triangulate Data, Identify Themes and Develop Issue Statements, Develop Issue Profiles Through Root Cause Analysis, Share CHA Findings,</p> <p>Phase III Prioritize Issues for the CHIP, Do a Power Analysis of Each Issue, Set Up Priority Issue Subcommittees, Create Community Partner Profiles, Develop Shared Goals and Long-term Measures, Select CHIP Strategies, Develop Continuous Quality Improvement Action Planning Cycles, Monitor and Evaluate the CHIP</p>	The assessment includes a description of the community participation process to identify community health problems and set priorities from among these health problems. Includes a list of community groups involved in the process and the methods for establishing priorities.
2.3 Description of Health Status and Health problems	Phase II Do the 3 Assessments: Community Status Assessment, Community Context Assessment, Community Partner Assessment	The analysis includes a description of data from IQuery by grouping and a description of the health problems most meaningful for the community by grouping: demographic & socioeconomic characteristics, general health and access to care, maternal and child health, infectious disease, chronic disease, environment/occupation/injury control, and sentinel events
2.4 Prioritization: Process used to select priorities and minimum of 3 priorities	Phase III Prioritize Issues for the CHIP	Prioritization shall result in the establishment of at least 3 priority health needs. The assessment includes a statement that the State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP) was reviewed, including a description or nonalignment between the priority health needs of the local public health jurisdiction and the priorities as set forth by the SHIP.

IPLAN Process	MAPP 2.0 Process	IPLAN Compliance Indicator
<p>The following components are the requirements for Illinois LHDs to complete the Community Health Improvement Plan portion of IPLAN.</p>		
<p>3.1 Statement of Purpose</p>	<p>N/A – no perfect equivalent. Phase I Develop a Community Vision Phase III Goal Development Worksheet (mission, vision, values)</p>	<p>The statement of purpose describes how the plan will be used to improve the health of the community.</p>
<p>3.2 Community Participation</p>	<p>Phase I Do the Starting Point Assessment (Leadership support to address health equity, Organize into supporters, detractors, and prospects, Document stakeholder’s support and impact and your goals for engagement Phase II Triangulate Data, Identify Themes, and Develop Issue Statement (Determine how to engage stakeholders, partners, and community members in data triangulation, identifying themes, and developing issue statements) Develop Issue Profiles Through Root Cause Analysis, Share CHA Findings, Phase III Prioritize Issues for the CHIP, Do a Power Analysis of Each Issue, Set Up Priority Issue Subcommittees, Create Community Partner Profiles, Develop Shared Goals and Long-term Measures, Select CHIP Strategies, Develop Continuous Quality Improvement Action Planning Cycles, Monitor and Evaluate the CHIP</p>	<p>The plan includes a description of the process used to develop the community health plan. Community participation is utilized in the development of the community health plan.</p>
<p>3.3 Priorities (3) Description of Priority Health Issue; Analysis of Priority; Measurable Outcome and Impact Objectives and Proven Intervention Strategies</p>	<p>Phase III Prioritize Issues for the CHIP, Do a Power Analysis of Each Issue, Set Up Priority Issue Subcommittees, Create Community Partner Profiles, Develop Shared Goals and Long-term Measures (Develop SMARTIE objectives), Select CHIP Strategies, Develop Continuous Quality Improvement Action Planning Cycles, Monitor and Evaluate the CHIP</p>	<p>The description includes the importance of the priority health need. The description includes summarized data and information on which the priority is based. The description includes the relationship to Healthy People national health objectives. The description includes factors influencing the level of the problem (risk factors, direct/indirect contributing factors, pop groups at risk) Each priority has at least one measurable outcome objective covering a 3 or more year time period. Each priority has at least one measurable impact objective covering a 3 or more year time period. <i>(Continued on next slide)</i></p>

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<p>The following components are the requirements for Illinois LHDs to complete the Community Health Improvement Plan portion of IPLAN.</p>		
<p>3.3 Priorities (minimum of 3) Description of Priority Health Issue; Analysis of Priority; Measurable Outcome and Impact Objectives and Proven Intervention Strategies</p>	<p>Phase III Prioritize Issues for the CHIP, Do a Power Analysis of Each Issue, Set Up Priority Issue Subcommittees, Create Community Partner Profiles, Develop Shared Goals and Long-term Measures (Develop SMARTIE objectives), Select CHIP Strategies, Develop Continuous Quality Improvement Action Planning Cycles, Monitor and Evaluate the CHIP</p>	<p>Each priority has at least one proven intervention strategy to address each impact objective. Each strategy includes an analysis of community resources that will contribute, estimated funding needed, and anticipated sources of funding. Includes a plan to monitor programs and assess progress towards meeting community health objectives as stated in the community health plan. Includes a plan to promote an awareness about public health services availability and health education initiatives.</p>
		<p>The Community Health Plan has been adopted by the Board of Health.</p>
<p>The following components are the requirements for Illinois LHDs IPLAN to complete an Organizational Capacity Self-Assessment</p>		
<p>1.1 Description of Type of Organizational Self-Assessment</p>	<p>There isn't a clear organizational capacity self-assessment as part of MAPP 2.0.</p>	<p>The local health department has submitted a signed and dated statement indicating the organizational capacity self-assessment was completed by the local health department and reviewed by the Board of Health. The organizational capacity self-assessment should assess the internal capabilities of the local health department to conduct effective public health functions, including an assessment of operational authority, community relations, information systems, and program management; or an organizational strategic plan developed within the previous five years that assesses strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats in the local health jurisdiction.</p>
<p>1.2 Documentation of Board of Health Review</p>		<p>The local health department has submitted a signed and dated statement indicating the organizational capacity self-assessment was completed by the local health department and reviewed by the Board of Health. The organizational capacity self-assessment should assess the internal capabilities of the local health department to conduct effective public health functions, including an assessment of operational authority, community relations, information systems, and program management; or an organizational strategic plan developed within the previous five years that assesses strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats in the local health jurisdiction.</p>